

No. 16,509.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1905-TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

# MORE TIME IS NEEDED MASSACRE REPORTED

Will Be Executed.

QUIRES DELIBERATION.

and Later Reviewed Regiment-Cost of the Strike.

ST. PETERSBURG, Tuesday, December 5, via Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, December 6.-An official note was issued today, explaining that while the government is inflexibly determined to carry out the reforms promised by the imperial manifesto of October 30, it is impossible at one stroke to accustom the population to the administration of the new order of things created by the manifesto. Until the new legislation required by the reforms is effected the old laws must be enforced, except where they are already replaced by temporary provis-

The note adds that drafts of the provisional regulations governing freedom of the press and the right of association have been completed, that the deliberations regarding the reform of the council of the empire and the extension of the franchise are nearing a conclusion, and that the elections to the national assembly are being expedited. At the same time measures are being initiated to cope with the disturbances which are endangering public security.

Press Censor Relieved. M. Belgard, chief of the press censorship

office has been relieved of his post at his own request At the review of the Smonovsky Regiment

at Tsarkoe-Selo yesterday the emperor addressed the troops, commenting on their tried loyalty.

At the subsequent regimental banquet given by the officers his majesty thanked the regiment for its exemplary services and expressed the hope that it would always show itself as firmly united as it was at

Advices from Voronezh dated December 8 say that the soldiers of a disciplinary bat-talion are parading the town in gangs and intimidating the populace. One contingent, it is added, is touring the surrounding vil-lages and estates and levying blackmail.

Increased Wages Stops Factories.

-Many of the smaller factories are going into bankruptcy because of their inability to meet the additional expenditure occasioned by the increase of wages which the strikers forced the owners to grant. Eight hundred men employed at the gov-

ernment's central alcohol store have struck for additional pay. The postal and telegraph authorities estimate that the government is losing \$80,000 daily by the present strike, while the government's loss from tickets alone during

the recent railroad strike is estimated at A woman revolutionist, Olga Henkin,

who, accompanied by a friend, went to Ivanovo, on the Moscow-Yaroslav railway, to deliver revolutionary speeches, was waylaid by workmen on her arrival at the station and both she and her companion

Enjoined to Continue Strike.

BERLIN, December 6 .- A dispatch to the Tageblatt from St. Petersburg, via Eydtkuhnen, December 6 says: "The central bureau of the Moscow Telegraph and postal employes has sent the following telegram to all the cities in Rus-

sia; "'All your demands will be granted. Continue the strike. Trust in victory. The prospects are good. Witte agrees to everything. Only Durnovo opposes. Remain

## NANSEN'S ARCTIC PARTY.

Reported Safe in Winter Quarters at King Point.

SEATTLE, Wash., December 6 .- Maj. Glassford, in charge of the government cable office here, received a message yesterday addressed to Nansen, the Norweg an explorer, at Christiania, from Capt. Ronald Amundsen of the ship Gjoa, at Fort Egbert, Eagle City, Alaska, telling of a trip by a dog team from Herschel Island to

While the message is incomplete in details, it purports to be from a member of an exploring party sent out by Nansen, and states that the party is safe with the ship Gjoa, wintering at King Point. The message also says that the American

whaling fleet is held in the ice in the vicinity of Herschel Island and that all of the vessels are safe with the exception of one, which was wrecked on the shore when Amundsen left Herschel Island, October 24. There are twelve of the American whalers

in all caught in the ice.

The trip from Herschel to Eagle City was made up the Mackenzie river to the Peel river and over the divide to Fort Egbert, through an entirely uninhabited country and a section that is practically unex-

Capt. Amundsen, who set out in a small craft with a crew of but eight men, found the north magnetic pole, whose discovery is originally accredited to Ross, in 1831, al-though scientists doubt that Ross really located this elusive guide to the compasses

of the world. The north magnetic pole has been generally assumed by geographers as being in Bothnia, the most northerly pen'nsula of the American continent and close to King William's Island. It is supposed to be a shifting sphere of influence, though its

variations are not great. Having gone from Greenland to a point in the vicinity of Herschei Island, it would seem as though Amundsen has at last found the northwest passage for which arctic explorers have been searching for

## AFFAIRS IN GUAM.

Auspicious Opening of Hospital for Women and Children.

AGANA, Guam, October 31, via San Francisco, December 6 .- On October 27 the navy collier Nanshan, Captain Prendeaux, arrived from Manila to replace the Supply during her absence.

Several Japanese schooners of the Hiki and Muriama trading companies have visited the port during the month. -A number of earthquakes, the first for several months, have shaken the island recently. None, however, was sufficiently

intense to do damage.
Progress on the wireless telegraph ste-

Official Note Declared Reforms | Another, Slaughter of Jews at Odessa.

PROMISED BY THE CZAR RUSSIAN ATROCITIES

BUT NEW ORDER OF THINGS RE- HORRIBLE STORY SENT TO JEW-ISH EDITOR AT PHILADELPHIA.

Emperor Attended Banquet of Officers Hundreds of Bodies Strewn in the Streets - Message Believed to Be Accurate.

Special Dispatch to The Star. PHILADELPHIA, December 6.- The new massacre in Odessa, expected by the Hebrews there, has taken place, according to a cablegram received in Philadelphia today by Jacob Ginsburg, editor of the Jewish Evening Post.

The Odessa cablegram, which was transmitted from New York this morning to Mr. Ginsburg's office, at 718 South 5th street reads as follows in free translation:

"The expected new massacre of which the Hebrews here were afraid has really taken place. The mobs are killing and robbing again, with the assistance of the military. "Hundreds of bodies are strewn in the streets. Full families are exterminated.
"Children are being tortured before the eyes of their parents. They are torn into pieces, after which the Hooligans slay the parents.

"Even the Sisters of Mercy who are en-deavoring to help the injured ones are be-ing murdered."

News by Roundabout Way.

Mr. Ginsburg said the message was dated yesterday at Odessa and had been sent by way of Galicia, the Austrian province or the frontier nearest to Odessa. The nearest telegraph town is Podwolcyzyska, about 300 miles by rail from Odessa. It is understood the dispatch was carried from Odessa

by courier.

While he was at a loss to explain in detail just how the fearful tidings of slaughter was gotten under way, Mr. Ginsburg sald he had every reason to believe the message was accurate.

There was no signature on the cablegram,

but Mr. Ginsburg is of the opinion that the author was an Odessa Hebrew who wrote him a letter two weeks ago expressing fears of a fresh outbreak and promising to send him word if anything occurred.

Refugees at Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., December 6.-The American Line steamship Haverford arriv-WARSAW, Russian Poland, December 6. ed here today from Liverpool after a rough voyage several days overdue. Among the steerage passengers were more than 200 Jewish refugees from Russia. They included men, women and children who had lived In the sections in which the recent massa-

## STATUS OF ISLE OF PINES.

Treaty With Cuba Considered by For-

cres occurred.

eign Relations Committee. The foreign relations committee of the Senate met today to consider the treaty between the United States and Cuba for the adjustment of title to the ownership of the Isle of Pines. This question has been before the Senate in different treaties since the winter of 1903. At the last session of Congress the committee referred the treaty to a special committee, of which Senator

Foraker is chairman. The committee considered the treaty today, but no action was taken. A report was presented by Senator Foraker, chairman of the special committee. This report includes an investigation of the rights of Americans on the Island and what they may expect from the United States. It is understood that the committee has taken the position that the treaty with Cuba fully protects the interests of Americans on the island and that no promise of a binding character had been made that the island should become territory of the United States.

The first matter to receive the attention of the Senate in executive session will be n relation to Santo Domingo, which was reported to the Senate last session by the committee on foreign relations.

#### PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS. James F. Tracey Named Justice for the

Philippines. The President today sent to the Senate the

following nominations: Associate justice of the supreme court of the Philippines, James F. Tracey, New

Assistant appraiser of merchandise, Ed-

ward J. Rodrigue, district of New Orleans, Indian inspector, Frank C. Churchill of

New Hampshire. Secretary of New Mexico, James M. Rey-

nolds of New Mexico. Among the nominations sent to the Sen-ate yesterday was that of Seth Bullock of Deadwood, S. D., to be United States mar-shal in South Dakota. Capt. Bullock, who is at present superintendent of the Black Hills forest reserve, is a personal friend of the President. He commanded a company of Rough Riders in the last inaugural pa-

#### PROSPECTS OF STATEHOOD BILL. Senator Beveridge Says That the Measure Will Be Passed.

A canvass of the Senate to ascertain the sentiment regarding a statehood bill indicates, says Senator Beveridge, chairman of the committee on territories, that a bill will be passed this session with a good majority. He thinks the measure will be in the same form as reported last session which provided for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as a state and New Mexico and Arizona as a state. A bill containing these provisions has already been introduced by Representative Hamilton of Michigan, chairman of the House committee on territories. Senator Beveridge has not determined whether he will offer an identical bill or whether he will wait for the bill to come over from the House.

## COMING TO WASHINGTON.

Chief Engineer Stevens Will Leave Colon on the 13th.

Chief Engineer Stevens of the Panams canal will sail from Colon for the United States on the 13th instant. He comes to give his views on the best type of canal. While the commission will not have the officially signed copies of the majority and tion at this place has been very slow, due to the difficulty of transporting the heavy masts and building materials during the minority reports of the board of consulting engineers they will have the texts of T rainy season.

The Susanna Hospital for women and children has been formally opened. The opening marks a step in the progress of Guam and was made the occasion of a popular demonstration.

This time two reports before them upon which Mr. Stevens may base his statements. Mr. Stevens will return to Panama in time to relieve Governor Magoon temporarily and allow him to reach Washington by Janu-



pects to have the signed report of the con-sulting board. It is stated that Governor Magoon will take a vacation of probably a month while in the United States.

SECRETARY SHAW IN NEW YORK. Spent Several Hours in the Financial

Special Dispatch to The Star. NEW YORK, December 6.-Secretary Shaw of the treasury was in this city today. He spent several hours in the financial district and visited the subtreasury and custom house while down town.

Wall street welcomed the S a pyrotechnical display in the money market. Time funds were firm with no change in prices, but call money shot up from 13 per cent for opening loans to 19 per cent before midday. The year's record so far was made last month when 25 per cent was reached.

The stock market held firm today despite the monetary conditions, regarding them as only temporary, but Mr. Shaw's annual report, which was published this forenoon, was scanned with unusual interest, especialrecommendations made in it looking toward a more elastic currency that would impossible.

#### BERNHARDT ROTTEN-EGGED. French Actress Met Indignant Rebuff for Alleged Interview.

Special Dispatch to The Star. MONTREAL, Quebec, December 6 .- Madame Bernhardt had the experience of being rotten-egged in Quebec last night. The French actress gave three performances in the ancient Canadian capital to crowded houses in spite of the clerical donouncements. The cause of all the trouble was an article which appeared in a French-Canadian paper yesterday afternoon purport-ing to be an interview with Mme. Bernhardt. In it the actress was made to say that Canada was a magnificent country to look at, but its people had no literary or artistic taste, no culture or refinement. When the performance was concluded the audience went away, but about 200 men hung around the doors and as Mr. Max. of the performers, made his appear-

ance, he was struck with an egg. A de-tachment of about fifty policemen had mustered behind the market hall and doubled down to the auditorium.

A squad of ten proceeded to the C. P. R. station. This stopped the intended trouble of the auditorium, but as Madame Bernhardt got into her sleigh, rotten eggs were thrown at her. Some of her company in

open sleighs received the full force of the unsavory onslaught. Madame Bernhardt left Quebec for Ottawa with still more fervid views of Canadian culture.

## SUGAR PLANTERS COMING.

Philippine Delegation En Route to Talk to Congress.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 6 .- A committee representing the interests of the sugar planters of the Philippine Islands arrived here yesterday from the orient, on their way to Washington, to appear before the congressional committee on Philippine affairs. The committee advocates reciprocity and will ask Congress to revoke the tariff on sugar and tobacco.

The party includes Esteban De La Rama, native Filipino, who is the owner of large sugar interests in the islands; W. C. Wellborn, director of agriculture in the islands, and George Bronson Rea, who is also a sugar planter. These representa-tives say that the Philippines will be immeasurably benefited if Congress revokes the tariff on the above named commodi-

#### Forfeited Bail Bond at Norfolk. Special Dispatch to The Star.

NORFOLK, Va., December 6.-Sol. Greenstein, a mysterious man from New York, held to the grand jury by Federal Judge Waddill, charged with perjury in the case of Abram Peyser, a bankrupt, and sent to iall upon refusal to pay his creditors \$6,000 alleged to have been gambled away in New York, skipped yesterday and his bond was

Boycott Movement at Singapore. Special Cablegram to The Star.

SINGAPORE. December 6 .- Over 1.000 Chinese small traders met today in support of the movement to boycott American goods. A considerable sum was collected on behalf of the movement.

Prof. Booker Washington Calls. Prof. Booker Washington of Tuskegee, ... was at the White House today. He sali that he had stopped in Washington to irvite Secretary Taft to attend the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Tuskegee Institute, which will take place

Ocean Steamship Movements.

May Testify With Lorenz in Crawford Case.

CLAIMS HE IS EXEMPT

GOVERNMENT SAID TO HAVE PROMISED NOT TO CALL HIM.

Attorney Douglass Will Oppose Efforts to Put Former Post Office Official on Stand.

August W. Machen, formerly superintendent of rural free delivery, Post Office Department, and George E. Lorenz of Toledo. Ohio, both of whom are serving sentences imposed in cases growing out of the Post Office Department irregularities, reached this city last evening in custody. They are located at the Riggs House. Machen and Lorenz were brought here from the West Virginia penitentiary at Moundsville by direction of the authorities of the government to appear as witnesses for the prosecution in the case of William G. Crawford, on trial in Criminal Court No. 1, Machen and Lorenz were jointly indicted with Crawford in one of the three consolidated cases now being heard. Crawford, however, was granted a severance, and

Machen pleaded guilty. Lorenz appeared as a witness for the government at the first trial of Crawford, but Machen was removed to the peniten-tiary immediately after entering his plea of guilty the day the case was called. There fore, the action of the prosecution in bringing Machen here for the purpose of testi-fying against Crawford in connection with the second trial of the latter was a complete surprise.

May Not Be Put on Stand.

Attorney Charles A. Douglas of counse for Machen was at the city hall this afternoon. When asked regarding the matter, he stated that he will oppose any attempt to pice Machen on the witness stand, and explained that Machen entered into a written agreement with the Attorney General. prior to entering the plea of guilty, last spring, the terms of the agreement being that he should not be called upon to testify in any of the "post office cases." It is no the intention of United States Attorney Baker to call Machen as a witness prior to tomorrow. Attorney Dougles and counse for the government, it is understood, will confer this afternoon with the court regarding the agreement mentioned by Attorney Douglas, and endeavor to reach some understanding as to the right of the prosecu-tion, under the circumstances, to compel Machen to testify.

Toledo Banker Testifies.

Spencer Carr, president of the Society for Savings of Toledo, Ohio, who was testifying at the hour of adjournment yesterday, resumed his seat on the stand this morning. He told of the purchase by Lorenz from the Society of Savings of a certain draft for a large amount, having it made payable to "bearer." This was unusual. Chas, H. Tissington, paying teller of the Bank of New York, in Wall street, testified that the "bearer" draft referred to was cashed at his institution on a certain date.

The next witness, Harry W. Hoadley, receiving teller of the United States Mortgage

ceiving teller of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company of New York city, re-lated that the same date Mr. Crawford de-posited with the United States Mortgage posited with the United States Mortgage and Trust Company an amount equal to that for which the "bearer" draft was cashed. The establishment of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company is only a few blocks distant from the Bank of New York. Dr. Joshua W. Hering, cashier of the Union National Bank of Westminster, Md., testified that Machen had an account there. The witness identified certain checks and drafts deposited by Machen.

Introduced by Italian Count.

Spencer Trask, a millionaire banker of New York, was interrogated regarding Crawford's connection with the Postal Device and Lock Company, of which the witness was president. Mr. Trask met Crawford through an Italian count, who had invented a device which the company was asked to back. Among other things, according to Mr. Trask, he was asked by Crawford to discount a note for a friend of the latter in Washington. This friend, Mr. Trask said he learned later, was Machen. The note was discounted, but has never been paid.

Among those at the city hall this afternoon within call of the prospertion.

noon within call of the prosecution was former Fourth Assistant Postmasier Ceneral Bristow. It had not been determined definitely whether or not Mr. Bristow would be placed upon the wirness stand.

Testimony for the prosecution was given late yesterday by W. McGregor, the former

free delivery. Post Office Department, who told of compiling the specifications upon which the award for carriers' satchels was made; William W. Corbin, secretary of a Hartford, Conn., company, who described how his firm obtained the contract for certain supplies through the agency of Craw-ford, and identified the correspondence exchanged between them, and Spencer D. Carr, who related his acquaintance with Machen, Lorenz and Crawford, and identified several checks and drafts which had been through his bank, representing pay-ments accruing from the transactions of

## RESIGNS CHAIRMANSHIP.

Senator Mitchell Retires From Head of Canals Committee.

Vice President Fairbanks today received a telegram from Senator Mitchell of Oregon resigning the chairmanship of the Senate committee on interoceanic canals. Senator Millard of Nebraska is the ranking member of the committee after Senator Platt of New York, who does not desire to undertake the arduous work involved by this place.

#### PRESIDENT OF WAR COLLEGE. Gen. Thomas H. Barry Detached From

the Gulf Department. Major General Bates, acting chief of staff, has issued an order announcing that Brigadier General Thomas H. Barry has been detached from command of the military Department of the Gulf and assigned to the general staff for duty as president of the Army War College in this city. Gen eral Barry has just returned to this city from a brief tour of observation of the

Russian troops in Manchuria. No one has yet been selected to take per nanent command of the Department of the Gulf, the headquarters of which is at At lanta, Ga. The affairs of that department are being temporarily administered by Major General Wade at New York, commanding the Atlantic division in addition to his regular duties.

## PLACES FOR DEMOCRATS.

Waiting for Information From Republican Senatorial Leaders.

Democratic leaders in the Senate are awaiting information from the republican committee empowered to fill committee vacancies as to the apportionment to be given the minority. When this notice has been received a caucus of democratic senators will be called for the purpose of authorizing the appointments. Among the important minority vacancies are one on appropriations, one on interoceanic canals, two on military affairs, one each on public lands, rules and territories.

### SALARIES FOR DIPLOMATS. Amounts Revised by the Secretary of

State.

The Secretary of the Treasury forwarded to Congress today the estimates for foreign intercourse for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, sent to him by the Secretary of State. Mr. Root says "a study of the salary list of the diplomatic service has convinced me that it is devoid of method and has no relation to the relative importance of the different missions. I have therefore deemed it in the interest of the public service to revise the list both as regards heads of missions and subordinate officers."

Under the head of new items Mr. Root estimates for an ambassador to Japan at \$17,500; a minister to Guatemala, the mission being separated instead of being coupled with Honduras; a minister to Norway, \$10,000 per annum, and secretaries of embassies and legations to Japan, Sweden, Roumania, Servia, Norway, Morocco, Dominican Republic, Guatemala, Honduras, and Salaydor, Nicaragua and Costa Rica

## Naval Movements.

The protected cruiser Baltimore and the gunboats Elcano and Quiros have arrived at Shiakwan; the monitor Arkansas at Brunswick; the supply ship Glacler at New York; the collier Brutus at Newport News; the collier Caesar at Lambert Point; the converted cruiser Mayflower at Washington; the protected cruiser Tacoma at San chez; the tug Potomac and the torpedo boat destroyer Truxtun at Norfolk; the monitor Amphritrite at Key West and the monitor Florida at Georgetown, S. C.

The tug Uncas has left Boston for Pensacola; the collier Saturn has left Mare Island for Honolulu; the tug Rocket has left Norfolk for this city; the collier Lebanon has left Bradford for Lambert Point; the tug Nina has left Newport for Roston and the collier Nevada has left Port Royal for Brunswick.

Virginia Postmasters Appointed. The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed today in Virginia: Paul, Daniel M. Turner; Well Water, Annie E. Apscott, Vale, Millard D. Marse.

Bills Already Introduced in Unanimous Consent Given by Congress.

TREND TOWARD CENTRALIZA-TION OF GOVERNMENT POWER.

Speaker Cannon Foresaw This Tendency and Invoked Conservative Action Saturday Night.

Conservative men in Congress look for an extensive movement this session in the direction of federal control and paternalism. Already there are visible indications of a distinct trend of mind among statesmen, especially in the House, toward centralization of government power.

Speaker Cannon, it is said, foresaw this tendency and took pains in his heart-toheart talk with his colleagues in the repub-Hean caucus last Saturday night to invoke conservative action. The Speaker, with his supreme control, through the committee on rules, of the legislation of the House, will keep his hand constantly on the throttle. It is a significant fact that in this era of new policies every important committee in the House will be manned by statesmen who have had experience in legislation and who may be classed as conservatives.

Some Bills Already Introduced. The first and second days of the session witnessed the introduction of many bills contemplating various forms of governmental control of affairs and extension of power where control is now partially authorized. A glance down the list of bills introduced shows the following:

By Mr. Hearst: To enable the United States of America to acquire, maintain and operate electric telegraphs, etc. Also a bill to empower United States at-

orneys, without the direction of the Attorney General, to enforce the act to protect ney General, to enforce the act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies.

Also a bill to protect trade and commerce against restraints and monopoly.

Also a bill to increase the powers of the interstate commerce commission and to expedite the final decision of cases arising under the act to regulate commerce by creating an interstate commerce court.

ing an interstate commerce court. Also a bill for the establishment of a parcels post.

By Mr. Murdock: A bill to create a railway capitalization commission. By Mr. Morrell: A bill to place insur-

officers own controlling interest under the supervision and control of the Treasury Department of the United States, apply to them certain provisions of the na-tional bank act.

ance companies and all subsidiary trust and

banking companies in which they or their

Also a bill for the protection of citizens of the United States under fifteen years of Also a bill to extend the sovereign visitorial power of the United States over certain life insurance companies and other corporations organized under state laws, and for other purposes.

Also a bill to place insurance companies under the supervision and control of the Department of Commerce and Labor. By Mr. Goulden: A bill to prevent and punish the desecration, mutilation or improper use of the flag of the United States

To Prohibit Corporations Contributing. By Mr. Stephens of Texas-A bill to prohibit corporations from making money contributions in connection with political elections.

By Mr. Morrell-A bill for the protection of the workingmen of the United States and their families; also a bill to prohibit shanghaing and peonage in the United States: also a bill to prohibit corporations from contributing to campaign funds in elections of federal officers and for other purposes; also a bill regulating the operation of automobiles and other motor vehicles between

the states. By Mr. Palmer-A bill to provide for the organization of corporations to engage in commerce with foreign nations and among the several states. By Mr. Fitzgerald-A bill to prevent the unauthorized use of the names or of persons for the purpose of trade. By Mr. Cockran-A bill providing for the

appointment of a special commission to inquire into and ascertain the amounts money expended by both parties at all elections for presidential electors from 1892 to 1904, both inclusive; also a bill providing that all contributions exceeding amount hereafter made to the expenses of political parties at elections where presi dential electors and representatives in Congress are chosen shall be reported to United States for the district in which the donors reside and for the publication of such reports. By Mr. Chandler-A bill to regulate car-

riers engaged in interstate commerce, to prohibit them from limiting their commonlaw liability and to increase the powers of the interstate commerce commission. By Mr. Thomas of North Carolina-A bill declaring all persons or associations of per-sons, joint stock companies, corporations or associations of such companies or corporations owning or operating or owning and operating private freight cars and refrigerator cars used in interstate commerce to be common carriers and subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce approved February 4, 1887, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. By Mr. Bonynge-A bill for the establish-

ment of a board for the protection of chil-By Mr. Robinson of Arkansas: A bill to of army nurses, and to regulate the emprevent corporations engaged in interstate business or commerce from making contri-butions to campaigns for federal offices.

Tax on Fock Transactions. By Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts: A bill imposing a tax on certain transactions in grain, provisions, cotton, stocks, bonds and

other securities. By Mr. Campbell of Kansas: A bill declaring certain cars used in the transportation of articles of interstate and foreign commerce common carriers, and prohibiting an ownership in or control over them by shippers.

By Mr. Snapp: A bill to establish a postal savings bank system, and to provide for the conduct and regulation of the same. By Mr. Brownlow: A bill regulating sleep-By Mr. Littlefield: A bill requiring all cor-

By Mr. Littlefield: A bill requiring all corporations engaged in interstate commerce to make returns, and for other purposes. By Mr. Wiley of Alabama: A bill to prevent the United States from issuing a license to any person to sell spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or other intoxicating beverages in any community when the sale thereof is prohibited by state or local laws. By Mr. Fuller: A bill to prohibit officers and employes in the civil service of the government of the United States from holding any office or employment in any corporation or joint stock company, and prescrib-ing penalties therefor.

By Mr. Robinson of Arkansas: A joint resolution providing for appointment of a special committee to investigate transac-tions of corporations engaged in inter-state commerce.

# Weather.

Fair tonight, minimum temperature about 26 degrees; tomorrow fair, with rising temperature.

# FOR FEDERAL CONTROL CANAL BILL TAKEN UP

the House.

## VISIBLE INDICATIONS | MR. HEPBURN EXPLAINS

MEASURE PROVIDING FOR AN EMERGENCY APPROPRIATION.

clared His Intention to Offer Amendment Reducing the Amount.

Less interest, as indicated by the attendnext week would be taken as soon as the Panama canal bill was disposed of ..

A session of the committee on rules, held

just before noon, resulted in the preparation of a rule to force consideration of the canal appropriation bill, should unanimous consent be refused. The rule provided for unlimited debate. Representatives Ransdell and Robertson

Unanimous Consent Given.

burn made a general speech on the canal and the progress of the work thus far.

Answering a question as to canal salaries,
Mr. Hepburn said he could make the general
statement that there were 26 salaries over

of high skill. of high skill.

Mr. Fitzgeraid (N. Y.) said he had been informed that \$10,000 a year was being paid to a press agent, but Mr. Hepburn said he knew nothing about that report.

Mr. Williams declared the canal a non-partisan undertaking and said no one could chim credit for it. He branded to the could chim credit for it.

to an amount actually necessary to carry on the work to January 1 next. Mr. Williams said he would object to the issuance of bonds as long as there were \$40,000,000 on deposit in national banks without interest.

ary. One was Mr. Ross, purchasing agent and the other was Mr. Bishop, secretary. SENATE

tions and bills, of which a large number were introduced.

The first bill for the session was presented by Mr. Frye and was a private pension measure Among the resolutions presented was one

the incorporation of interstate railroads. Mr. Spooner expressed surprise that an outside body should be directed to frame a bill for the Senate, saying that such a course was unprecedented. Mr. Newlands said his only desire was

pressed indifference as to its authorship. He gave notice that he would speak on the esolution next Monday. The Senate adopted without debate a resolution directing the committee on the judi-

gress has authority to supervise marine, fire and life insurance. The Senate then, at 1:56 p.m., went into executive session.

Insurance Money in Elections. A bill prohibiting the use of the money of insurance companies in federal elections was introduced today by Senator Culberson. The offense is made a felony and punishment is fixed at from two to twenty

Senator Dolliver reintroduced the Dolliver-Hepburn bill relating to interstate Senator Foraker introduced his railroad rate regulation bill, which he had heretofore presented to the Senate committee on

## ing a pension of \$100 a month to the widow of Senator Hawley.

Providing for Annexation. mingo and Halti to the United States.

A bill for providing for a national university was introduced by Senator Frye.

The pure food bill was among the earliest bills introduced today. It was preserted

ings in towns of 5,000 population and more Reorganizing Consular Service. The bill providing for the reorganization of the consular service was reintroduced by Senator Lodge. He also introduced bills to prohibit the desecration of the flag of the United States; to increase the pension

Personal Mention. President Samuel Compers of the American Federation of Labor is in New York attending the immigration conference. He is expected to return to Washington Friday morning, and on Friday evening he is scheduled to deliver an address before the

of the two army posts. Fort Washington and Fort Hunt, on the Potomac, with Mrs. Roberts is visiting at Fort Washington, the guests of Capt. Stephens. Since being

Mr. Karl Broot has returned after an extended trip through Germany and is in the best of health.

Mr. Williams, Minority Leader, De-

ance of members and spectators, was manifested in the proceedings of the House on its convening today. Discussion prior to the session indicated that an adjournment until

of Louisiana presented themselves and took the oath of office.

Unanimous consent was given for consideration of the canal bill appropriating \$16,. 500,000 for the Panama canal. Mr. Williams claimed there should have been an itemzed account of the expenditures. Mr. Hep-

\$5,000; 6 between \$4,000 and \$5,000, 55 between \$3,000 and \$4,000 and 136 between \$2,000 and \$3,000. These included engineers

claim credit for it. He intended to offer an amendment to reduce the sum of \$16,500,000

Mr. Mann said two employes of the commission were receiving \$10,000 a year sal-

A number of annual reports of public officials were laid before the Senate at the beginning of today's session, and this order was followed by the presentation of peti-

by Mr. Newlands, directing the interstate commerce commission to frame an act for

that the Senate should avail itself of the knowledge and skill of the commision; but he wanted to secure such a bill and ex-

clary to inquire into and report to the Senate whether under the Constitution Con-

years' imprisonment.

# interstate commerce. Senator Bulkeley introduced a bill grant-

Senator Heyburn introduced a resolution providing for the annexation of Santo Do-Senator Gallinger introduced a biil authorizing the appointment of a commission to study economic conditions in Japan and

by Senator Herburn.
Senator Scott introduced bills providing for service pensions and for the issuance of bonds for the erection of public build-

ployment of child labor in the District of

Senator Fulton presented bills for a United States district court in China and prohibiting allens from fishing in Alaskan

## waters. He also presented a bill to pro-hibit the misbranding of salmon.

child labor committee. Col. B. K. Roberts, formerly commandant

retired Col. Roberts has resided in New York.

Col. Ramsey D. Potts, United States army, commandant at Fort Monroe, was a passenger to this city on the Norfolk and Washington steamer from Old Point this

the best of health.

Eugene J. Hainer of Aurora, Neb., an ex-representative from the fourth congressions district of that state, is in the city for a few days on business.

Civil Engineer F. T. Chambers, United States navy, is still confined to his home; with a severe attack of the gripe.